Claims

We claim:

- 1. A method for controlling the expression of a
- 2 gene in a living cell, comprising contacting the
- 3 5'untranslated region of an RNA in the cell with a cell
- 4 permeable, small molecule.
- 1 2. A method for controlling expression of a gene,
- 2 comprising:
- 3 providing an aptamer that binds specifically to a
- 4 cell permeable, small molecule;
- incorporating the aptamer into a region of a gene,
- 6 which region encodes a 5' untranslated region of an RNA;
- 7 contacting the cell-permeable, small molecule with a
- 8 cell that contains the gene, so that the cell-permeable,
- 9 _small molecule enters the cell and controls expression of
- 10 the gene.
 - 1 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the cell
 - 2 permeable, small molecule binds specifically to the aptamer
 - 3 sequence in the 5' untranslated region of RNA transcribed
 - 4 from the gene.
 - 1 A. The method of claim 2, wherein the gene is an
 - 2 endogenous gene.
 - 1 5. The method of claim 2, wherein the gene is a
 - 2 transgene.
 - 1 6. The method of claim 2, wherein the cell is a
 - 2 prokaryotic cell.

- 7. The method of claim 2, wherein the cell is a eukaryotic cell.
- 1 8. The method of claim 7, wherein the eukaryotic 2 cell is a mammalian cell.
- 1 9. The method of claim 8, wherein the mammalian
- 2 cell is in vivo.
- 1 10. The method of claim 9, further comprising
- 2 administering the cell permeable, small molecule to the
- 3 mammal topically, parenterally, orally, vaginally, or
- 4 rectally.
- 1 11. The method of claim 2, wherein the cell
- 2 permeable, small molecule is an organic compound.
- 1 12. A gene comprising an aptamer sequence
- 2 incorporated into a region of a gene that encodes a 5'
- 3 untranslated region of an RNA.
- 1 13. A transgenic cell comprising an aptamer
- 2 incorporated into a region of a gene that encodes a 5'
- 3 untranslated region of an RNA.
- 1 14. The cell of claim 13, further comprising an RNA
- 2 transcript containing the aptamer in the 5' untranslated
- 3 region of the RNA transcript.
- 1 15. The cell of claim 14, further comprising a cell
- 2 permeable, small molecule that binds specifically to the
- 3 aptamer.

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16. A bacterial resistance marker comprising an
1
    aptamer sequence operably linked to a bacterial expression
2
    control sequence.
3
                 A method for determining whether a gene of
1
    interest is essential for the survival or growth of a cell,
2
3
    comprising:
            structurally disrupting or deleting an endogenous
4
    gene of interest in the cell;
5
           providing an aptamer that binds specifically to a
6
7
    cell permeable, small molecule;
            incorporating the aptamer into a region of the gene
8
    of interest in vitro, which region encodes a 5' untranslated
9
    region of an RNA, thereby producing a controllable gene of
10
11
    interest;
            introducing the controllable gene of interest into
12
  _the cell, thereby producing a test cell;
13
            contacting the cell-permeable, small molecule with
14
    the test cell, so that the cell-permeable, small molecule
15
    enters the test cell and controls expression of the
16
    controllable gene of interest.
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